

Economy

	Gross domestic product at market prices (in mill. €)		increase in % 2003-2013
	2003	2013	
City of Stuttgart	38 904	45 204	+ 16,2
Böblingen (county)	14 258	19 969	+ 40,1
Esslingen (county)	15 109	18 554	+ 22,8
Göppingen (county)	6 252	7 446	+ 19,1
Ludwigsburg (county)	15 542	20 406	+ 31,3
Rems-Murr-county	10 576	12 578	+ 18,9
Stuttgart Region	100 641	124 158	+ 23,4
Baden-Württemberg	331 920	420 819	+ 26,8

Tax revenue / Municipal finances 2014

	Total municipal tax revenue	
	total (mill. €)	€ per inhabitant
City of Stuttgart	1 222	2 008
Böblingen (county)	503	1 354
Esslingen (county)	630	1 224
Göppingen (county)	285	1 140
Ludwigsburg (county)	629	1 208
Rems-Murr-county	487	1 180
Stuttgart Region	3 757	1 402
Baden-Württemberg	13 728	1 282

	Municipal depts without municipal enterprises	
	total (mill. €)	€ per inhabitant
City of Stuttgart	24	39
Böblingen (county)	115	310
Esslingen (county)	170	331
Göppingen (county)	100	402
Ludwigsburg (county)	115	219
Rems-Murr-county	125	303
Stuttgart Region	649	242
Baden-Württemberg	4 759	446

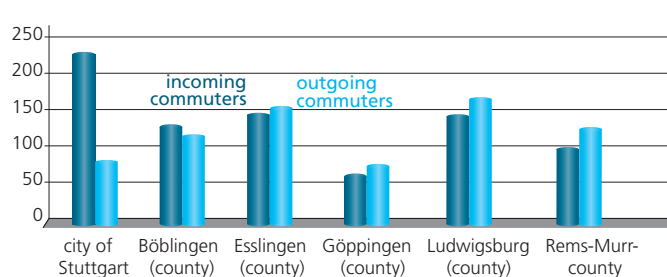
Commuters across municipal borders 2004 and 2014¹⁾

	Incoming commuters for work and training		increase / decrease in % 2004-2014
	2004	2014	
City of Stuttgart	203 756	228 562	+ 12,2
Böblingen (county)	120 296	129 101	+ 7,3
Esslingen (county)	126 851	146 387	+ 15,4
Göppingen (county)	51 940	60 660	+ 16,8
Ludwigsburg (county)	117 796	141 638	+ 20,2
Rems-Murr-county	84 501	99 256	+ 17,5
Stuttgart Region	705 140	805 604	+ 14,2
Baden-Württemberg	2 353 231	2 829 794	+ 20,3

¹⁾ Employees covered by compulsory social security Insurance.

Commuters across municipal borders added by counties 2014

in 1 000



Motorisation level (January, 1)

	Motor vehicles ¹⁾			
	total 2005	total 2015	per 1 000 inhabitants 2005	per 1 000 inhabitants 2015
Stuttgart Region	1 562 598	1 536 352	587	570
Baden-Württemberg	6 150 096	6 171 168	574	576

¹⁾ Since 2008 without temporarily inoperative vehicles.

Public water supply and water extraction 2013

	Drinking water supplied to end-users ¹⁾	Water extraction
	1 000 m ³	1 000 m ³
City of Stuttgart	35 633	18
Böblingen (county)	18 937	2 546
Esslingen (county)	25 646	4 929
Göppingen (county)	12 551	7 579
Ludwigsburg (county)	26 183	6 367
Rems-Murr-county	19 276	6 658
Stuttgart Region	138 226	28 097
Baden-Württemberg	557 460	608 508

¹⁾ Including pipeline leakage and waterworks own consumption.

Volume of waste 2014

	Domestic waste and bulky refuse only ¹⁾		Valuable materials ²⁾	
	tons	kg per inhabitant	tons	kg per inhabitant
City of Stuttgart	129 514	213	64 456	106
Böblingen (county)	51 297	138	61 635	166
Esslingen (county)	65 970	128	70 824	138
Göppingen (county)	51 827	208	32 456	130
Ludwigsburg (county)	77 323	148	82 804	158
Rems-Murr-county	48 706	118	49 332	120
Stuttgart Region	424 637	158	361 507	135
Baden-Württemberg	1 526 850	143	1 597 237	150

¹⁾ Excluding valuable material and biological waste.

²⁾ Excluding biological waste.

Facts & Figures

Organisation

The Greater Stuttgart Region consists of 179 municipalities comprising the city of Stuttgart (the state capital of Baden-Württemberg) and 5 counties.

Sizes of the communities (December 31st, 2014)

fewer than 5 000 inhabitants: 63 communities with a total of 183 519 inhabitants
 5 000 - 9 999 inhabitants: 58 communities with a total of 415 742 inhabitants
 10 000 - 19 999 inhabitants: 33 communities with a total of 452 820 inhabitants
 20 000 - 49 999 inhabitants: 19 communities with a total of 676 525 inhabitants
 50 000 - 99 999 inhabitants: 5 communities with a total of 352 962 inhabitants
 100 000 inhabitants and over: 1 community with 612 441 inhabitants

Topography

- Height above sea-level ranging from 170 metres (River Neckar at Kirchheim a.N.) to 835 metres (Swabian Alb at Hohenstadt)
- Greatest width from NW to SE: approx. 90 kilometres
- Greatest width from SW to NE: approx. 80 kilometres

The River Neckar flows through the Region along approx. 90 kilometres, of which 75 % is navigable. The longest tributaries in the Region are the Fils (50 km), the Murr (45 km), the Rems (35 km) and the Enz (30 km).



Traffic network

Greater Stuttgart is one of the principal focal points in the national German transportation system:

- the high-speed railway connections Cologne/Paris - Stuttgart - Munich - Vienna/Milano and Berlin - Nürnberg/Würzburg - Stuttgart - Zürich
- the autobahns Karlsruhe/Mannheim - Stuttgart - Munich and Würzburg - Stuttgart - Zürich as the main traffic axes
- integration of the airline network via Stuttgart Airport to destinations in Europe, USA and in Mediterranean and Near East countries
- through the highly developed regional transportation system for Stuttgart and surrounding districts
- through the Neckar waterways and the ports of Stuttgart and Plochingen linking the Region to sea-ports

Importance of the Region within Baden-Württemberg

The Greater Stuttgart Region houses 25 percent of the population of Baden-Württemberg on 10 percent of the state's area. Barely 30 percent of the Land's gross domestic product is accrued in the Stuttgart Region.

Imprint

Area / land use 2014

	Area km ²	settlement/ transport km ²	used for ... settlement transport in %	
City of Stuttgart	207	107	71,4	28,6
Böblingen (county)	618	140	65,3	34,7
Esslingen (county)	641	159	65,8	34,2
Göppingen (county)	642	106	63,8	36,2
Ludwigsburg (county)	687	167	64,4	35,6
Rems-Murr-county	858	152	62,2	37,8
Stuttgart Region	3 654	830	65,2	34,8
Baden-Württemberg	35 751	5 140	61,6	38,4

Population, foreign passport holders (December, 31)

	Population			aliens in %
	2013 ¹⁾	2014 ¹⁾	increase / decrease %	
City of Stuttgart	604 297	612 441	+ 1,3	22,8
Böblingen (county)	370 392	374 279	+ 1,0	15,3
Esslingen (county)	512 279	516 779	+ 0,9	14,5
Göppingen (county)	248 813	250 117	+ 0,5	13,3
Ludwigsburg (county)	521 633	526 377	+ 0,9	15,3
Rems-Murr-county	411 025	414 016	+ 0,7	13,2
Stuttgart Region	2 668 439	2 694 009	+ 1,0	16,3
Baden-Württemberg	10 631 278	10 716 644	+ 0,8	12,6

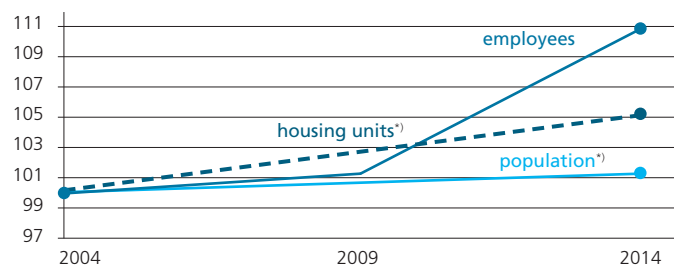
¹⁾ based on census of 2011

Development of population

	Balance of			
	births / deaths		immigration / emigration	
	2005-2009	2010-2014	2005-2009	2010-2014
City of Stuttgart	2 041	3 611	9 092	29 178
Böblingen (county)	2 670	1 304	- 3 151	9 090
Esslingen (county)	1 812	- 135	- 770	14 893
Göppingen (county)	- 1 750	- 2 643	- 3 221	3 994
Ludwigsburg (county)	2 600	1 549	2 447	16 759
Rems-Murr-county	- 634	- 2 400	- 1 118	9 194
Stuttgart Region	6 739	1 286	3 279	83 108
Baden-Württemberg	- 14 158	- 43 601	42 295	284 317

Developments in the Stuttgart Region 2004 through 2014

2004 = 100



¹⁾ based on census of 2011

Buildings and housing (December, 31)

	Residential buildings		Housing units	
	2004	2014 ¹⁾	2004	2014 ¹⁾
Stuttgart Region	497 447	524 318	1 232 488	1 299 049
Baden-Württemberg	2 243 204	2 372 130	4 844 927	5 155 747

¹⁾ based on census of buildings and housing 2011

Employment (June, 30)

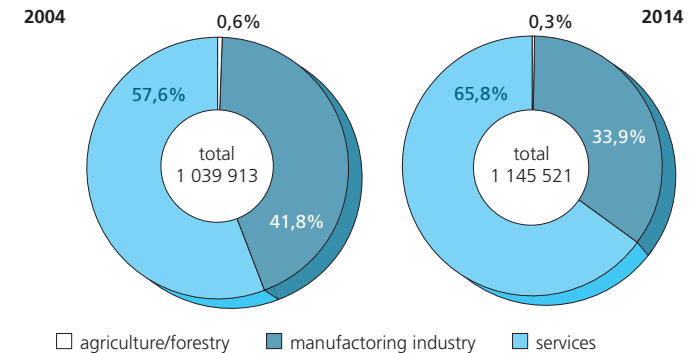
	Employees covered by compulsory social security insurance			incr./decr. %
	2004	2009	2014	
City of Stuttgart	344 311	346 618	379 800	+ 10,3
Böblingen (county)	156 836	152 340	163 850	+ 4,5
Esslingen (county)	177 444	180 622	195 488	+ 10,2
Göppingen (county)	76 245	76 834	83 372	+ 9,3
Ludwigsburg (county)	162 621	165 400	186 193	+ 14,5
Rems-Murr-county	122 456	125 117	136 818	+ 11,7
Stuttgart Region	1 039 913	1 046 931	1 145 521	+ 10,2
Baden-Württemberg	3 737 971	3 873 890	4 266 000	+ 14,1

Distribution of employees amongst sectors 2014 (employees covered by compulsory social security insurance)

	agriculture/ forestry	manufacturing industry	services
City of Stuttgart	0,1	20,0	79,9
Böblingen (county)	0,2	43,2	56,6
Esslingen (county)	0,3	43,0	56,7
Göppingen (county)	0,2	42,4	57,4
Ludwigsburg (county)	0,7	37,1	62,2
Rems-Murr-county	0,5	40,2	59,3
Stuttgart Region	0,3	33,9	65,8
Baden-Württemberg	0,4	36,6	63,0

Structural changes amongst sectors in Stuttgart Region

Employees covered by compulsory social security insurance



□ agriculture/forestry ■ manufacturing industry ■ services